Reconstruction and the New South (1865-1900)

Chapter 2

A. Outline of Specific Topics

1. Presidential Reconstruction
2. Congressional Reconstruction
3. Reconstruction in the South
4. The New South

B. Performance Objectives

On completion of this chapter the student should be able to achieve the following performance objectives:

1. Utilize a vocabulary containing the following terms:

Amnesty

Carpet Baggers

Civil Rights Act of 1866

Civil Rights Bill of 1875

Compromise of 1877

Crop-Lein System

Enforcement Acts

Freedmen’s Bureau

Jim Crow laws

Literacy Tests

Plessy v. Ferguson

Poll Taxes

Reconstruction

Reconstruction Acts

Scalawags

Segregation

Sharecropping

Thirteenth Amendment

Fourteenth Amendment

Fifteenth Amendment

2. Describe conditions for freedpeople in the south after the Civil War

3. Explain the difference between Lincoln’s 10% plan and the Wade-Davis Bill

4. Describe the events of the assassination of Lincoln

5. Explain the importance of Johnson becoming president

6. Compare and contrast Johnson’s plan for reconstruction with Lincoln’s

7. Describe the importance of the 13th Amendment in regards to freedpeople

8. Describe the black codes

9. Explain how the black codes affected freedpeople

10. Compare and contrast de jure segregation and de facto segregation

11. Compare and contrast the Moderate Republicans with the Radical Republicans

12. Explain the importance of the Freedman’s Bureau

13. List the ways in which the Freedman’s Bureau helped freedmen

14. Explain the importance of the Civil Rights Act of 1866

15. Describe the importance of the 14th Amendment in regards to freedpeople

 16. Describe the Reconstruction Acts of 1867 and what they sought to accomplish

17. Explain the importance of the impeachment of Johnson

18. Describe the importance of the 15th Amendment in regards to freedpeople

1. Explain the downfalls of the 15th amendment (what did it not do?)
2. Explain African American political mobilization
3. Compare and contrast carpetbaggers and scalawags
4. Describe the importance of the KKK and what its goals were
5. Describe the events that led to the fall of northern attitudes toward reconstruction
6. Describe who the “Southern Redeemers” were and what role they played
7. Explain the importance of the election of Rutherford B. Hayes and the compromise of 1877
8. Explain the importance of tenant farming and sharecropping to freedpeople
9. Explain the sharecropping system
10. Explain the causes of industrial growth in the south during reconstruction
11. Explain the importance of the supreme court case of “Plessy v. Ferguson” and its importance to freedpeople
12. List ways which black southerners organized