**Chapter 6 Study Guide**

What is the function of the Ninth and Tenth Amendments?

The president can check the power of the legislative branch by doing what?

What abuse inspired the inclusion in the Bill of Rights of the Fourth Amendment rule against “unreasonable searches and seizures”?

A federal court can strike down a state or federal law if it finds that the law to be what?

The First Amendment protects which individual rights?

The federal government is divided into separate branches for what main purpose?

American men 18 years or older have to register with the Selective Service for what reason?

The government enforces the idea that it is a citizen’s duty to know the law by doing what?

What were the two main goals of the Constitution’s framers?

What can you conclude about the functions of the Electoral College?

What doctrine divides government so that no one branch can become too powerful?

What principle states that the decisions of the greatest number of people in a society make policy for everyone?

Explain the differences between legal immigrants and naturalized citizens

The House of Representatives can do this or vote to bring serious charges against, a president, vice president, and all civil officers of the United States. What is it called?

What group of individual has the power to declare war according to the constitution?

**Explain these key terms**

 Constitutionalism

 Checks and Balances

 Judicial Review

 Veto

 Separation of Powers

 Deport

 Double Jeopardy

 Due Process

 Eminent domain

 Federal System