World History Mid-term Exam Review

1. Scholars that study and write about the historical past are what?
2. Objects made by humans such as clothing, coins, artwork, and tombstones are called what?
3. The famous place in Tanzania (East Africa) where many ancient clues are found is called what?
4. Donald Johanson and Tom Gray are famous for finding a 3 million year old skeleton called what?
5. People who move from place to place to find food are called what?
6. The transition from nomadic life to settled farming is referred to as the what?
7. Groups of states or territories controlled by one ruler was called an?
8. The holy book of Hinduism is called the what?
9. The holy book of Judaism is called the what?
10. Chivalry was a?
11. Sikhism combines what two religions?
12. Buddhism was started by whom?
13. What religion believes Jesus was God’s son and savior?
14. The fertile crescent is also known as what?
15. The world’s first civilization developed in southern Mesopotamia and was called what?
16. The spreading of Jewish people throughout the world was called the?
17. Who wrote the Illiad and the Oddyssey?
18. Feudalism developed as a way for medieval societies to?
19. The first Europeans to challenge Portuguese domination of Asian trade were the?
20. The three most famous Greek philosophers are?
21. What is known as the father of history?
22. Alexander the Great was from where?
23. The Roman waterway system was called the?
24. What Roman is known as the father of modern medicine?
25. The ancient Olympic games took place where?
26. At the top of Spanish colonial society were the?
27. A martyr is someone who does what?
28. What problems contributed to the fall of the Roman Empire?
29. He was the first to try to unite Europe into an organized empire after the fall of Rome?
30. Under his feudal contract, a vassal was required to?
31. When a new lord took over a manor, the serfs?
32. To be spiritually saved, Christians believed they must?
33. Taxes in the Feudal System who collected taxes?
34. The Dark Ages refers to Western Europe after the fall of the Western Roman Empire. This period is known as the Dark Ages because?
35. When Vikings arrived at a new town/city to plunder and loot, what was the first place they went in order to steal valuables?
36. What are the Christian sacraments?
37. Nobles were?
38. The most famous Viking was?
39. A field that is left bare for a year with no crops growing on it is called what?
40. What is an estimate of the number of Africans that probably died in passage to the Americas during the Atlantic slave trade?
41. This is an association of merchants or artisans who cooperated to uphold standards of their trade. The middle ages version of a labor union
42. The period in European history in the 1500’s when rising inflation rose rapidly is known as?
43. A peasant bound to the land was called a?
44. Knights trained from the age of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and up.
45. Castles were usually built on what?
46. Few peasants lived past the age of?
47. This institution dominated Medieval life.
48. The pyramid of power in the Church formed from most powerful to least powerful was?
49. The Catholic Church had their own laws known as?
50. Iron plows and new harnesses for hours contributed to what revolution?
51. Hammurabi’s code was important because it was the first time that a state’s laws did what?
52. What was a result of the Peloponnesian war?
53. The world in 1050 A.D. included a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ empire from Spain to India.
54. Christians and Muslims battled during 4 crusades for control of the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
55. The most holy city in the world during medieval times was \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
56. What were innovations in weaponry used in the Hundred Years War?
57. Spices, silk, and gunpowder first originated in which region of the world?
58. The ancient Romans developed their religious beliefs from?
59. What is a primary source(give examples).
60. Who made the greatest contribution toward setting Christianity on the road to becoming a world religion?
61. The Magna Carta granted this right.
62. The two houses of the British Parliament are called?
63. Feudalism developed as a way for medieval societies to?
64. Muslim’s believe what?
65. Chivalry was a what?
66. Jihad is a Muslim holy war against whom?
67. Muhammad died at?
68. What was the capital of the Byzantine Empire?
69. The Byzantine Empire combined which cultures?
70. Eastern Orthodox Christians differ from the West because?
71. The Byzantine in Russia created an alphabet called?
72. Ivan the Great was known for?
73. Physiocrats supported a government policy of?
74. The holy book of Islam is the?
75. All Muslims most travel to Mecca once in the lifetime if they are able, this is known as what?
76. Wht Muslim Empire was stopped in Europe at this battle
77. This is one reason Constantinople stayed unconquered for so long.
78. The idea of separation of powers in the Constitution was borrowed from Enlightenment thinker?
79. The highest church official in Orthodox Christianity is?
80. Monotheistic means?
81. The black death is also known as?
82. Johann Guetnberg invented the?
83. He ruled England during and after the Glorious Revolution; he was named Lord Protector of England.
84. These were supporters of Cromwell and Parliament during the English civil war?
85. He was the Sun King of France and famous for saying “I am the state”?
86. The Spanish attempted to invade England with a fleet of ships called the?
87. Napoleon’s final defeat was at the?
88. Mayan wealth was made through?
89. What methods did the Mayans use in farming?
90. What happened to the people that the Aztecs conquered?
91. Who was at the bottom of the Aztec social pyramid?
92. What war tactic helped the Russians defeat Napoleon?
93. The Incas were located in?
94. The Incas put great value in?
95. Cuzco is the capital city of what native American group?
96. What was the main reason for the Age of Exploration?
97. The spice islands are located near?
98. The first trip around Africa was by?
99. The first trip to India via shop was by?
100. Spain and what other country were the early leaders in the Age of Exploration?
101. What country sponsored Columbus in his quest to the Americas?
102. This civilization in the America’s was known for carving giant stone heads?
103. The Mayans had a number system that included?
104. Tenochititlan was built on what?
105. The Incan Emperor had\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ power.
106. The Incan emperor was an Autocrat, this means he?
107. Enlightenment writers often faced censorship because they
108. Columbus named the natives in the Americas Indians because?
109. The domination of one country by another is called?
110. This man was emperor of the Aztecs when the Spanish arrived
111. Canada was originally settled by whom?
112. Governors of Spanish colonies were called what?
113. Millions of Native Americans died from what?
114. What is the name of the world’s most famous painting?
115. What country was the center for the rebirth in art, literature and science during the Renaissance?
116. Who is the most famous playwright/author of the Renaissance?
117. Who is the Protestant reformer who broke from the Catholic Church?
118. Who is famous for painting the Sistine chapel and sculpting David?
119. The architect of the reign of terror was whom?
120. What two countries did not fall to Napoleon in Europe?
121. The French Revolution drew on many ideas of?
122. The clergy of France was a part of which estate?
123. The peasant class (possible98%) of France was a part of this estate.
124. The new type of killing machine that was developed during the French Revolution was?
125. The French prison that housed political prisoners and weapons was called what?
126. What was the Declaration of the Right of Man and Citizen modeled after?
127. Which of the following were beheaded during the French Revolution?
128. What was one important result of the Estates General?
129. Napoleon got money to fund his war and conquests in Europe by selling this to the U.S.
130. The results of the American and French Revolutions inspired peoples seeking \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and independence.